

# Academic Year 2022-2023

Undergraduate Advising Information Last Updated: 8/10/2022

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### Introduction to the Rice Chemistry Undergraduate Program

Undergraduate students interested in studying chemistry benefit from Rice's renowned faculty members and a strong research program. The Department of Chemistry offers undergraduate chemistry majors a Bachelor of Science (B.S.) degree or a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) degree. The Department also offers a Bachelor of Science degree in Chemical Physics.

**The B.S. in Chemistry degree** rigorously prepares students for a career in chemistry or a related discipline, and the degree requirements are consistent with the guidelines for certification by the American Chemical Society. This curriculum provides a broad and comprehensive introduction to core areas of chemistry while promoting depth of understanding in one or more specific fields. B.S. students complete a series of foundation courses in general chemistry, analytical chemistry, biological chemistry, inorganic chemistry, organic chemistry, and physical chemistry. Students then complete one or more specializations, or "tracks," consisting of in-depth courses both in and out of the specialization.

**The B.A. in Chemistry degree** is a more flexible program that provides a comprehensive overview of all areas of chemistry, including laboratory experiences, but can be coupled more easily with other majors or professional career paths.

**The B.S. in Chemical Physics degree** is offered in conjunction with the Department of Physics and Astronomy. Students take upper-level courses in both chemistry and physics, focusing on the applications of physics to chemical systems. For more information on this option, contact Prof. Bruce Weisman (Chemistry) or Prof. Stan Dodds (Physics).

### **Follow Rice Chemistry!**

### **Chemistry Department Website**

- Our website contains all information on the Undergraduate program, as well as the Graduate program, Alumni, departmental events and awards, and specific faculty research and news articles.

### Facebook

- Our Facebook page includes notifications of all seminars and Department events and news as well as all photos of Departmental events.
- LinkedIn: Search 'Groups' for 'Rice University Chemistry Department'
  - Our LinkedIn page is updated every time we receive news on job opportunities for those in the field of Chemistry.

### **Rice Chemistry Student Organizations**

<u>Owlchemy: The Rice Undergraduate Chemistry Society</u> formed from the merger of two previous undergraduate chemistry organizations, Owlchemy and RUCS. In addition to continuing Owlchemy's commitment to education through local volunteering and demonstrations, the club seeks to provide academic and career resources, serve as a liaison to the chemistry faculty and graduate students, and create a social network of support for Rice chemistry undergraduates. The club's mission is to improve the overall academic and social interactions of both incoming freshmen and upperclassmen while promoting the study of chemistry campus and community-wide.

**Fun with Chemistry:** Fun with Chemistry is an outreach organization dedicated to inspiring and motivating K-12 students to develop an interest in and pursue careers in science fields. Our chapter at Rice University is organized by Prof. László Kürti and Dr. Kasey Leigh Yearty, and our volunteers consist of a diverse range of both graduate and undergraduate students. We perform exciting chemistry shows in the Houston area and participate in community outreach events. One of our primary goals is to increase the number of girls and underrepresented minorities in science, as well as help K-12 students reimagine who can be a scientist.

**Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) Book Club:** The Chemistry DEI book club is hosted by graduate students, with faculty, graduate, and undergraduate student participants. Meeting biweekly, this group reads

literature that sparks engaging, insightful, and necessary conversations surrounding topics within the scientific community. The group also looks for meaningful ways to create even more inclusive working and learning environments for all departmental citizens. Books are provided free of charge, and all are welcome to attend at any point throughout the year. Please email <u>chemchelp@rice.edu</u> if you are interested in joining the book club.

# **Chemistry Major Advisors**

The Chemistry Department has one faculty advisor for every residential college so that each student can form a consistent bond within the Department while completing their degree. Contact your Major Advisor with any questions or concerns you may have – they're here to help!



# **Pursing a Chemistry Degree**

The guide below is designed to help you explore your academic interests in chemistry and to ensure that graduates have appropriate preparation for employment or graduate school in chemistry or related fields. If you are interested in pursuing a health profession, please refer to the resources provided by The Office of Academic Advising.

First Year	Second Year
<ul> <li>Plan a tentative course of study with your Divisional Advisor and/or Major Advisor.</li> <li>Take at least one CHEM course, in addition to the required MATH and PHYS courses.</li> <li>Enroll in CHEM 110 (Freshman Seminar) to learn more about research in the department</li> <li>Try to attend a departmental gathering, reception, or seminar to start meeting CHEM faculty and students.</li> <li>Visit the Center for Career Development to learn about the education and skills required for possible careers in Chemistry.</li> <li>Attend the Student Activities Fair. Join Owlchemy, Fun with Chemistry, and/or the DEI Book Club.</li> <li>Identify summer programs and job opportunities through the Chemistry website and the Rice Summer Opportunities Fair.</li> <li>Strongly consider making arrangements to conduct research during the next academic year.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use the tips below, the General Announcements, the OAA website, and the CHEM website to determine your degree plan with your Major Advisor:         <ul> <li>Not all courses are offered every year. Plan ahead to have flexibility in your schedule.</li> <li>Complete all lower-level CHEM requirements by the end of your 2nd year.</li> <li>Complete as many laboratory course requirements as possible by the end of the second year, which provides useful training for independent research in future years.</li> <li>Check that you will complete at least the minimum required hours (48) at the 300 level or higher and that you will be able to complete at least 60 hours outside of your major requirements.</li> <li>If you have not yet enrolled in CHEM 391, make arrangements to conduct research next year (B.S. degree candidates are expected to complete CHEM 391 before the end of their third year.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Apply for summer programs, research opportunities, internships, and/or study abroad programs.</li> </ul>
Third Year	Fourth Year
<ul> <li>Apply to attend a research conference or symposium and consider presenting your research.</li> <li>Consider post-graduation plans. Begin gathering information about graduate schools or employment sectors.</li> <li>Speak with faculty members, advisors, and other mentors about post-graduation plans.</li> <li>Begin preparing CV and personal statements.</li> <li>Register and prepare for relevant standardized tests.</li> <li>Look for scholarship and fellowship opportunities.</li> <li>Request letters of recommendation from faculty.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete remaining degree requirements.</li> <li>Complete and submit employment and/or graduate applications.</li> <li>Request additional letters of recommendation, if necessary.</li> </ul>

# **Frequently Asked Questions**

What's the difference between Chemistry and Chemical Engineering? While there is much overlap between the disciplines, the major differences between chemistry and chemical engineering have to do with originality and scale. Chemists are more likely to invent fundamentally new chemicals, materials, or techniques, while chemical engineers are more likely to apply known materials or ideas to effectively solve real-world problems.

**Is it better to get a B.S. rather than a B.A. in Chemistry?** Neither degree is necessarily "better" — it depends on your career path. Your specific experiences, coursework, and achievements during your time at Rice are more important for job or graduate school applications than the type of degree you earn. With that said, the B.S. degree is designed to provide the experiences necessary for a career in chemistry, including pursuing graduate school or laboratory research jobs in chemistry-related fields. On the other hand, the B.A. degree is designed for students interested in a broad range of careers that value scientific knowledge, rigorous analytical skills, and quantitative abilities, but who are not as interested in laboratory research. Health professions and high school teaching are two examples of careers for which the B.A. degree is good preparation. Because it has lower credit hour requirements, some students find the B.A. degree is best suited for your career path.

I want to earn degrees in both Chemistry and History (or any other major). Can I do it? Yes. Although it is demanding, many students do complete the requirements for two majors in disparate fields. Note that Rice offers two options in this case: a "double major" or a "dual degree." The majority of such students complete a "double major," which is earned by completing the requirements for a B.A. in two different disciplines. A "dual degree" requires the completion of two different bachelor's degrees (i.e. B.A. and B.S.) in two different disciplines and at least 30 additional semester hours at Rice beyond the hours required for the first degree. More information may be found in the <u>General Announcements</u>.

I will complete all of the requirements for my major but how can I be sure I have my 60 hours outside the major? All courses not specifically applied to your major requirements count as "outside" the major, even courses taken in the same discipline. For example, if you complete all the course requirements listed for a B.A. in Chemistry and take two extra CHEM courses, those courses count toward the additional 60 hours needed to graduate. Please review your Degree Works account with an academic or major advisor to audit your graduation requirements.

# For Freshmen:

Should I take PHYS 101/102, PHYS 111/112, or PHYS 125/126? All three sequences fulfill the physics requirement for the B.A. and B.S. in Chemistry. PHYS 101/102 is intended for students majoring in engineering or the physical sciences, PHYS 125/126 for bioscience and premedical students, and PHYS 111/112 for particularly well-motivated students with a strong interest in the physical sciences. You may refer to the Office of Academic Advising (OAA) for more information on course placement.

Which Chemistry class should I take as a freshman? Most freshmen will take a full-year course in general chemistry (CHEM 121/122/123/124). However, there are three options depending on your background. Students with AP/IB Chemistry or similar credit can choose to take CHEM 201/205 or can go directly to organic chemistry (CHEM 211 or 319) during their freshman year. See the section "Which Chemistry Class is Right for Me?" for more information.

I have AP/IB Chemistry credit. Will this satisfy pre-health professions requirements? This is a question that must be answered on a case-by-case basis and is not determined by the Rice Chemistry Department. AP/IB credit will satisfy some pre-medical requirements for many, but not all, medical and other health professional schools. Students need to consult with the OAA or each school for their AP/IB policies.

# Freshmen Year: Which Class is Right for Me?

The Department of Chemistry offers several pathways for completing the core curriculum required for chemistry majors as well for the many students who need these courses for other majors and pre-med requirements. These paths are summarized in the flow chart below. Students without AP/IB or equivalent credit have the simplest decision making process: enroll in CHEM 121/123 in the Fall semester. Students considering a chemistry major should add to this CHEM 110 which is a one credit hour seminar which introduces students to research opportunities in the department of chemistry. Students entering with AP credit or other equivalent preparation have additional flexibility in course selection as described below.



### Option 1: Take none of your AP Chemistry credit

Fall: CHEM 121/123 - General Chemistry I and General Chemistry Lab I

Spring: CHEM 122/124 - General Chemistry II and General Chemistry Lab II

This is the standard introductory chemistry sequence and the classes that **most students** will take. If you took AP Chemistry, but you do not feel confident in the level of your chemistry preparation from your AP or equivalent work, this is the best option for you. One advantage of this approach is that you will see many of the same topics which you covered in AP Chemistry again and will have an opportunity to reinforce your existing knowledge. This should also make this course somewhat easier for new matriculates. The disadvantage is that you can not use credit for both your AP work and CHEM 121 / 123.

### Option 2: Take one semester of your AP Chemistry credit

*Fall: CHEM 201/205 - Advanced Topics in General Chemistry and Advanced Topics in General Chemistry Lab Spring: CHEM 360 - Inorganic Chemistry* 

This pathway is recommended for students with AP or equivalent credit who are considering a major (BA or BS) in chemistry. CHEM 201/205 is a more advanced version of General Chemistry and it is designed for incoming students with AP or equivalent credit. The course assumes that you have a good background in introductory chemistry and it will focus on the more advanced topics for upper-level chemistry courses. CHEM 201/205 is one semester long, compared to CHEM 121/122/123/124, which is two semesters. This option allows you to take your AP credit for first semester general chemistry and replaces your second semester of general chemistry AP credit. CHEM 201/205 satisfies the prerequisites for any course requiring CHEM 121/122 /123 /124. Upon completing this course, students intending to major in chemistry are recommended to take CHEM 360 in the Spring.

### Option 3: Take both semesters of your AP Chemistry credit

Fall: CHEM 211/213 or CHEM 319 - Organic Chemistry I

Spring: CHEM 212/214 or CHEM 320 - Organic Chemstry II

These are the organic chemistry I and II options. Students intending to major in chemistry should enroll in CHEM 319/320, while other students should enroll in CHEM 211/212. Taking organic chemistry in the first year is only

available to students who have AP or equivalent credit for General Chemistry. The advantage of taking the full year of Chemistry AP credit is that it facilitates students seeking to take additional upper level courses, double major or reduce their courseload during their junior/senior years. The disadvantage is the challenge presented by the organic curriculum for new matriculates. Students not intending to major in chemistry, but who have AP or equivalent credit, can also consider taking no chemistry course in the Fall semester and starting CHEM 211 in the Spring semester.

### Two notes for students considering a chemistry major:

• CHEM 110 is recommended for chemistry majors to introduce them to research opportunities, but is not required.

• While CHEM 201/205, CHEM 319 and CHEM 320 are courses designed for students intending to major in chemistry, CHEM 121/122/123/124 and CHEM 211/212/213/214 satisfy all the same requirements and prererquisites and provide an excellent basis for the upper level courses required for the chemistry major.

**Note about AP and equivalent credit:** Students with AP credit will receive credit for CHEM 111/112/113/114. These credits are the equivalent to CHEM 121/122/123/124 for any prerequisites, <u>but they do not count towards</u> the Group 3 distribution requirement.

**Note for pre-medical students**: Please consult with the Office of Academic Advising (OAA) for advice on which path is best for you, as some medical schools do not accept Chemistry AP credit.

### For Current Chemistry Majors:

**Should I take CHEM 211/212 or CHEM 319/320?** In brief, chemistry majors should take CHEM 319/320. However, both CHEM 211/212 and CHEM 319/320 count toward the undergraduate chemistry degrees, and both are excellent sequences that have been well-liked by students in recent years. CHEM 211/212 is primarily taught as a large lecture course with smaller discussion groups, while CHEM 319/320 are much smaller courses —12 to 25 students — and are intended for students considering chemistry as a major and those in closely related fields with a strong interest in chemical research. Taught in small groups, CHEM 319/320 minimizes traditional lecture time, and significant course time is spent on small group problem-solving work and applying fundamental concepts to new application, mechanism and arrow-pushing, and multistep synthesis. Memorization is de-emphasized. Both courses use the same textbook, though CHEM 319/320 may cover 1-2 additional chapters of material that are more important to chemists than a general audience. CHEM 320 also serves as an introduction to the department and to independent research in chemistry. Some class discussion is designed to help students find a research lab in chemistry and to work toward a career related to chemistry.

**Can I pursue summer school, study abroad, and internship opportunities as a CHEM major?** Chemistry course credit earned from summer school and study abroad programs is allowed. Interested students should refer to the Transfer Credit Policy found in this booklet and obtain approval from the transfer credit advisor in advance of enrolling in summer coursework. The Department encourages student participation in study abroad programs. Course substitutions completed through summer school and study abroad programs must be approved through the Office of the Registrar and the Department of Chemistry. Most students who want to do internships complete them in the summer, but academic-year internships are also possible. Please consult with the Study Abroad office and an academic advisor to design a four-year schedule that allows for study abroad and/or internship opportunities.

If I'm not doing well in one of my prerequisites, should I not be a CHEM major? Many successful chemists have struggled in undergraduate courses. You can overcome adversity if chemistry is the field you want to study. There are many reasons why students do not perform at their best, and there are tremendous resources at Rice to help. However, it is the student's responsibility to take initiative when they are struggling in a course, and their greatest mistake is to wait too long before seeking academic assistance. Students should consult their professor for help with a specific course, utilize their residential college's Academic Fellows/Mentor Society, and see an academic advisor to discuss options if they are struggling with multiple courses.

**Can I Pass/Fail a chemistry course as a CHEM major?** Courses taken as Pass/Fail cannot be used to meet major requirements. If required courses are taken pass/fail, the Registrar will replace the P with the letter grade earned during the final degree audit. If you have multiple courses that could be used to fulfill the same major requirement, address any potential problems with your major advisor prior to your final degree audit.

**Can I earn credit for chemistry research?** Yes, you may enroll in Research for Undergraduates (CHEM 391/491/492/493) to earn credit for independent research. B.S. students must complete 8 credit hours of chemistry research (corresponding research courses in other departments in Science and Engineering may only be used towards this requirement with prior departmental approval). CHEM 391 is the standard independent research course for first-time research students, while CHEM 491 is for continuing research students that is repeatable for credit. The Chemistry Honors Research Program, CHEM 492/493, offers students in their final year at Rice the opportunity to perform a two-semester, individual chemistry research project. These courses function as a pair and must be taken in the same academic year. Students must formally apply into CHEM 492/493 with the recommendation of their research professor. The course requires students to complete a research proposal, a public presentation of findings, and a formal report or thesis. For more information, refer to the Undergraduate Research Opportunities section.

**How do I get involved in chemistry research?** There are many ways to find research opportunities as a Rice undergraduate. The most common method to join a lab in the Chemistry Department is to contact the faculty member directly about working in their lab for course credit. CHEM 110 Freshman Chemistry Seminar and CHEM 320 Organic Chemistry II are both classes which actively help students find a suitable research lab. For more information and suggestions, please refer to the "How Do I Find a Research Opportunity?" section.

How do I find a teaching opportunity? Chemistry majors who are interested in gaining experience in teaching can often TA for an introductory course. Many find this experience to be exceptionally rewarding and it helps prepare students who are considering a future in all levels of academia. TA opportunities may be advertised on the Chemistry Undergraduate listserv. However, interested students are also strongly encouraged to contact the course instructor directly to ask about TA opportunities in upcoming semesters.

### Life After Rice:

What are some post-graduation options for me if I graduate with a CHEM degree (aside from medical school or graduate school)? You have many options, especially if you are not geographically limited. Often, these are jobs in chemical industry (including biotechnology) or science education. Other relevant career paths include conservation, science writing, science policy, scientific/medical illustration, forensic science, management consulting, and patent law. Please meet with your Chemistry major advisor and the Center for Career Development for more information.

Which graduate programs have recent CHEM undergraduates been accepted to? In the past five years, our recent Chemistry majors have gone on to graduate school (Harvard, MIT, Northwestern, Caltech, UC Berkeley, and more), as well as medical, pharmacy, and dental schools.

How important is my GPA for getting into graduate school? Admissions committees typically place considerable weight on the GPA, especially in math and science courses. The admission committee will also place a heavy emphasis on undergraduate research experience and the recommendation of the student's research mentor. However, every part of each student's application is examined closely by the admissions committee, so there is no single element that would make or break a student's admission. Among other factors, students with a strong research record that includes publication in a peer-reviewed journal are looked upon especially favorably.

What are good resources for investigating my options and choosing graduate schools to apply to? First, examine the American Chemical Society website. Second, speak with your Chemistry major advisor and research advisor to find ideal graduate programs to which you should apply that best match your research interests and career path.

The B.S. in Chemistry requires at least 120 credit hours, including at least 69 credit hours of chemistry requirements (listed below in a checklist format).

### **General Chemistry**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 111 or 121			3
CHEM 112 or 122 or 201			3
CHEM 113 or 123			1
CHEM 114 or 124 or 205			1
CHEM 110 / 220*			

\*CHEM 110 or 220 is recommended (not required) of all B.S. majors prior to enrolling in CHEM 391.

#### **Chemistry Foundation**

	3
	3
	3
	3
	3
	3

\*BIOC 201 is a prerequisite for BIOC 301, but the Biosciences Department confirmed that CHEM majors are waived from the BIOC 201 prerequisite. Students need to special register for BIOC 301.

#### Mathematics\*

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
MATH 101 or 105			3
MATH 102 or 106			3
MATH 212 or 222			3

\*The Department of Mathematics may, after consultation with a student concerning his/her previous math preparation, recommend that a student be placed into a higher level math course than that for which the student has received official credit. The Department of Chemistry will accept this waiver of the math classes upon a written confirmation of the waiver from the Department of Mathematics and upon the student's successful completion of the higher level math course. Note: MATH 211 is encouraged for students interested in graduate study.

#### Physics

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
PHYS 101 or 111 or 125			4
PHYS 102 or 112 or 126			4

### Advanced Laboratories (Complete 3 of 5)

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 365			2
CHEM 366			2
CHEM 367			2
CHEM 368			2
BIOC 311			2

### **Research (At Least Eight Credit Hours)**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 391*			
**			
**			

\*Normally completed before the end of junior year. Enrollment in CHEM 391 (at least 3 credits) requires advance permission. See course guide for details.

\*\*Additional independent research or laboratory coursework in chemistry must be completed to total eight (8) credit hours (including CHEM 391). This requirement may be satisfied by taking one or more of the following: (i) CHEM 491, (ii) CHEM 492 and 493, and (iii) additional laboratory course(s) in chemistry at the 300-level or above. Up to two (2) credits of CHEM 700 may be used toward this requirement.

### Advanced Course Work (Twelve Credit Hours)\*

Each student must complete advanced work that satisfies one of the specialization tracks listed below. A student may, with the approval of the Director of the Undergraduate Program, propose a track in another specialization. See the General Announcements for details.

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits

Specialization in Biological and Medicinal Chemistry CHEM 212/CHEM 320, BIOC 302, Six (6) additional credit hours

Specialization in Inorganic Chemistry and Inorganic Materials CHEM 475, CHEM 495, Six (6) additional credit hours

#### **Specialization in Organic Chemistry**

CHEM 212/CHEM 320, CHEM 401, Six (6) additional credit hours

#### Specialization in Physical and Theoretical Chemistry

CHEM 420, CHEM 430, Three (3) credit hours from CHEM 415, 531, or 559, Three (3) credit hours of advanced coursework in PHYS or MATH

"Advanced coursework" includes CHEM 212, CHEM 320, BIOC 302, and chemistry courses at the 400-level or higher. Courses in other departments at the 400-level or higher with substantial chemistry content may count toward this requirement with approval of the Director of the Undergraduate Studies

### **B.S. in Chemistry – Sample Degree Plan**

	FALL			SPRING	
FRESHMAN	15 cred	dits	FRESHMA	N	15 credits
CHEM 121 CHEM 123 MATH 101 PHYS 101 FWIS CHEM 110	General Chemistry I General Chemistry Laboratory I Single Variable Calculus I Mechanics (with lab) First Year Writing Seminar Freshman Sem. in Chemistry	3 1 3 4 3 1	CHEM 122 CHEM 124 MATH 102 PHYS 102 DIST LPAP	General Chemistry II General Chemistry Laborat Single Variable Calculus II Electricity & Magnetism (wi FWIS/Distribution Course Lifetime Phys. Activity Elect	3 ith lab) 4 3
SOPHOMOR	RE 14 cred	dits	SOPHOMO	RE	14 credits
CHEM 319 CHEM 366 MATH 212 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry I Inorganic Chemistry Lab Multivariable Calculus Distribution Course Open Elective	3 2 3 3 3	CHEM 320 CHEM 360 CHEM 365 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry II Inorganic Chemistry Organic Chemistry Lab Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 2 3 3
JUNIOR	15 cred	dits	JUNIOR		14 credits
BIOS 301 CHEM 301 CHEM 391 DIST OPEN	Biochemistry I Physical Chemistry I Research for Undergraduates Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 3 3 3	CHEM 302 CHEM 4xx CHEM 368 CHEM 491 DIST	Physical Chemistry II Adv. Chem. Lecture Cours Chemical Measurement La Research for Undergradua Distribution Course	b 2
SENIOR	17 cred	dits	SENIOR		17 credits
CHEM 492 CHEM 330 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN	Undergrad. Honors Research Analytical Chemistry Adv Chem. Lecture Course Distribution Course Open Elective	5 3 3 3 3	CHEM 493 CHEM 4XX OPEN OPEN OPEN	Undergrad. Honors Resear Adv Chem. Lecture Course Open Elective Open Elective Open Elective	

Total = 121 credit hours

**Note:** While the above sample degree plan suggests 16 credit hours of independent research, the B.S. degree requires only 8 credit hours. There is a lot of flexibility in the completion of advanced coursework. However, not all courses are taught every year – consult with your major advisor about your course plan.

# B.S. in Chemistry – Sample Degree Plan with Chemistry AP Credit

	FALL			SPRING	
FRESHMAN	15 cre	dits	FRESHMA	N 14 cre	dits
CHEM 201 CHEM 205 MATH 101 PHYS 101 FWIS CHEM 110	General Chemistry General Chemistry Laboratory Single Variable Calculus I Mechanics (with lab) First Year Writing Seminar Freshman Seminar in Chemistry	3 1 3 4 3 1	CHEM 360 MATH 102 PHYS 102 DIST LPAP	Inorganic Chemistry Single Variable Calculus II Electricity & Magnetism (with lab) FWIS/Distribution Course Lifetime Phys. Activity Elective	3 3 4 3 1
SOPHOMOR	RE 14 cre	dits	SOPHOMO	RE 14 cre	dits
CHEM 319 CHEM 366 MATH 212 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry I Inorganic Chemistry Lab Multivariable Calculus Distribution Course Open Elective	3 2 3 3 3	CHEM 320 CHEM 365 CHEM 391 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry II Organic Chemistry Lab Research for Undergraduates Distribution Course Open Elective	3 2 3 3 3
JUNIOR	15 cre	dits	JUNIOR	14 cre	dits
BIOS 301 CHEM 301 CHEM 491 DIST OPEN	Biochemistry I Physical Chemistry I Research for Undergraduates Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 3 3 3	CHEM 302 CHEM 491 CHEM 368 DIST OPEN	Physical Chemistry II Research for Undergraduates Chemical Measurement Lab Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 2 3 3
SENIOR	17 cre	dits	SENIOR	14 cre	dits
CHEM 492 CHEM 330 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN	Undergrad. Honors Research Analytical Chemistry Adv Chem. Lecture Course Distribution Course Open Elective	5 3 3 3 3	CHEM 493 CHEM 4XX CHEM 4XX OPEN	Undergrad. Honors Research Adv Chem. Lecture Course Adv Chem. Lecture Course Open Elective	5 3 3 3

Total = 117 credit hours

**Note:** The above sample degree plan assumes that Chemistry AP credit was earned upon entering Rice, which would satisfy CHEM 111/113. While the above sample degree plan suggests 19 credit hours of independent research, the B.S. degree <u>requires only 8 credit hours</u>. There is a lot of flexibility in the completion of advanced coursework. However, not all courses are taught every year- consult with your major advisor about your course plan.

# B.S. in Chemistry – Sample Degree Plan with Calculus 1 and Chemistry AP credit

	FALL			SPRING	
FRESHMAN	13 cre	dits	FRESHMAN	N 1	5 credits
CHEM 110 CHEM 319 CHEM 366 PHYS 101 DIST	Freshman Chemistry Seminar Organic Chemistry I Inorganic Chemistry Lab Mechanics (with lab) Distribution Course	1 3 2 4 3	CHEM 320 CHEM 365 MATH 102 PHYS 102 FWIS	Organic Chemistry II Organic Chemistry Lab Single Variable Calculus II Electricity & Magnetism (wit First Year Writing Seminar	3 2 3 n lab) 4 3
SOPHOMOR	E 15 cre	dits	SOPHOMO	RE 1	4 credits
CHEM 330 CHEM 367 BIOS 301 MATH 211 DIST LPAP	Analytical Chemistry Materials Lab Biochemistry I Ord. Diff. Equations Distribution Course Lifetime Phys. Activity Elec	3 2 3 3 3 1	CHEM 360 CHEM 391 CHEM 368 MATH 212 OPEN	Inorganic Chemistry Research for Undergraduate Chemical Measurement Lab Multivariable Calculus Open Elective	
JUNIOR	15 cre	dits	JUNIOR	1	5 credits
CHEM 301 CHEM 491 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN	Physical Chemistry I Research for Undergraduates Adv Chem. Lecture Course Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 3 3 3	CHEM 302 CHEM 491 DIST OPEN OPEN	Physical Chemistry II Research for Undergraduate Distribution Course Open Elective Open Elective	3 95 3 3 3 3
SENIOR	14 cre	dits	SENIOR	1	4 credits
CHEM 492 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN	Undergrad. Honors Research Adv Chem. Lecture Course Distribution Course Open Elective	5 3 3 3	CHEM 493 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN	Undergrad. Honors Researce Adv Chem. Lecture Course Distribution Course Open Elective	h 5 3 3 3

Total = 115 credit hours

**Note:** The above sample degree plan assumes that Calculus AB and Chemistry AP credit were earned upon entering Rice, which would satisfy MATH 105 and CHEM 111/112/113/114, respectively. While the above sample degree plan suggests 19 credit hours of independent research, the B.S. degree <u>requires only 8 credit hours</u>. There is a lot of flexibility in the completion of advanced coursework. However, not all courses are taught every year – consult with your major advisor about your course plan.

# Degree Requirements for the B.A. in Chemistry

The B.A. in Chemistry requires at least 120 credit hours, including at least 55 credit hours of chemistry requirements (listed below in a checklist format).

#### **General Chemistry**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 111 or 121			3
CHEM 112 or 122 or 201			3
CHEM 113 or 123			1
CHEM 114 or 124 or 205			1

#### **Chemistry Foundation**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 211 or 319			3
CHEM 301 or 302 or BIOS 352			3
CHEM 301 or 302 or BIOS 352			3
CHEM 330			3
CHEM 360			3
BIOC 301			3

\*BIOC 201 is a prerequisite for BIOC 301, but the Biosciences Department confirmed that CHEM majors are waived from the BIOC 201 prerequisite. Students need to special register for BIOC 301.

#### Mathematics\*

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
MATH 101 or 105			3
MATH 102 or 106			3
MATH 212 or 222			3

\*The Department of Mathematics may, after consultation with a student concerning his/her previous math preparation, recommend that a student be placed into a higher level math course than that for which the student has received official credit. The Department of Chemistry will accept this waiver of the math classes upon a written confirmation of the waiver from the Department of Mathematics and upon the student's successful completion of the higher level math course. Note: MATH 211 is encouraged for students interested in graduate study.

#### Physics

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
PHYS 101 or 111 or			4
125 PHYS 102 or 112 or			
126			4

### Advanced Laboratories (Complete 3 of 5)

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 365			2
CHEM 366			2
CHEM 367			2
CHEM 368			2
BIOC 311			2

#### **Advanced Coursework (Six Credit Hours)**

Six (6) credit hours of additional advanced coursework in chemistry. For purposes of this requirement, "advanced coursework" includes chemistry courses at the 400-level or higher. CHEM 212 or CHEM 320 or BIOC 302 counts as "advanced coursework" for purposes of this requirement. Courses in other departments with substantial chemistry content may count toward this requirement with approval of the Director of the Undergraduate Studies (Dr. Jeffrey Hartgerink).

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits

# B.A. in Chemistry – Sample Degree Plan

	FALL			SPRING	
FRESHMAN	1	4 credits	FRESHMA	N	15 credits
CHEM 121 CHEM 123 MATH 101 PHYS 101 FWIS	General Chemistry I General Chemistry Labora Single Variable Calculus I Mechanics (with lab) First Year Writing Semina	1 3 4	CHEM 122 CHEM 124 MATH 102 PHYS 102 DIST LPAP	General Chemistry II General Chemistry Laborat Single Variable Calculus II Electricity & Magnetism (wi Distribution Course Lifetime Phys. Activity Elec	3 th lab) 4 3
SOPHOMOR	E 1	5 credits	SOPHOMO	RE	14 credits
CHEM 319 MATH 212 DIST OPEN OPEN	Organic Chemistry I Multivariable Calculus Distribution Course Open Elective Open Elective	3 3 3 3 3	CHEM 320 CHEM 360 CHEM 365 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry II Inorganic Chemistry Organic Chemistry Lab Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 2 3 3
JUNIOR	1	7 credits	JUNIOR	•	17 credits
BIOC 301 CHEM 301 CHEM 366 DIST OPEN OPEN	Biochemistry I Physical Chemistry I Inorganic Chemistry Lab Distribution Course Open Elective Open Elective	3 3 2 3 3	CHEM 302 CHEM 368 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN OPEN	Physical Chemistry II Chemical Measurement Lal Adv Chem. Lecture Course Distribution Course Open Elective Open Elective	
SENIOR	1	5 credits	SENIOR	•	15 credits
CHEM 330 CHEM 4XX DIST OPEN OPEN	Analytical Chemistry Adv Chem. Lecture Cours Distribution Course Open Elective Open Elective	3 se 3 3 3 3	CHEM 4XX OPEN OPEN OPEN OPEN	Adv Chem. Lecture Course Open Elective Open Elective Open Elective Open Elective	3 3 3 3 3

Total = 122 credit hours

**Note:** There is a lot of flexibility in the completion of advanced coursework. However, not all courses are taught every year – consult with your major advisor about your course plan.

# **Degree Requirements for the B.S. in Chemical Physics**

The B.S. in Chemical Physics requires at least 120 credit hours, including at least 73 credit hours of chemistry requirements (listed below in a checklist format).

### **General Chemistry**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 121			3
CHEM 122			3
CHEM 123			1
CHEM 124			1

#### **Chemistry Foundation**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
CHEM 211/319			3
CHEM 215			2
CHEM 301			3
CHEM 302			3

### **Physics Foundation**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
PHYS 101/111			4
PHYS 102/112			4
PHYS 201			3
PHYS 202			3
PHYS 231			1
PHYS 301			4
PHYS 302			4

### **Mathematics Foundation**

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits
MATH 101/105			3
MATH 102/106			3
MATH 211/221			3
MATH 212/222			3

#### Additional Lecture Courses

Complete Nine (9) Credit Hours from: PHYS 311, PHYS 312, CHEM 360, CHEM 415, or CHEM 420

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits

#### Additional Laboratory Courses

Complete Four (4) Credit Hours from: CHEM 365, CHEM 366, CHEM 367, CHEM 368, PHYS 331, or PHYS 332

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits			
Course	Semester Taken	ieai iakeli	Cleuits			
Note: Up to two (2) hours of CHEM 391, CHEM 491, PHYS 461, or						
PHYS 462 may be counted toward this requirement.						

### Additional Mathematics Courses

Complete Six (6) Credit Hours from MATH or CAAM courses at or above the 300-level:

Course	Semester Taken	Year Taken	Credits

### **B.S. in Chemical Physics - Sample Degree Plan**

FALL		SPRING			
FRESHMAN	16 crec	lits	FRESHMA	N	17 credits
CHEM 121 CHEM 123 MATH 101 PHYS 101 FWIS OPEN	General Chemistry I General Chemistry Laboratory I Single Variable Calculus I Mechanics (with lab) First Year Writing Seminar Open Elective	3 1 3 3 3 3	CHEM 122 CHEM 124 MATH 102 PHYS 102 DIST OPEN	General Chemistry II General Chemistry Labora Single Variable Calculus I Electricity & Magnetism (v Distribution Course Open Elective	I 3
SOPHOMOR	E 16 crec	lits	SOPHOMO	RE	16 credits
CHEM 211 CHEM 213 MATH 211 PHYS 201 PHYS 231 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry I Organic Chemistry Discussion Ordinary Differential Equations Waves and Optics Elementary Physics Lab Distribution Course Open Elective	3 0 3 1 3 3	CHEM 215 CHEM 360 MATH 212 PHYS 202 DIST LPAP	Organic Chemistry Lab Inorganic Chemistry Multivariable Calculus Modern Physics Distribution Course Lifetime Phys. Activity Ele	3 2 4 3 3 ctive 1
JUNIOR	18 crec	lits	JUNIOR		18 credits
CHEM 301 CHEM 391 PHYS 301 PHYS 331 DIST OPEN	Physical Chemistry I Research for Undergraduates Intermediate Mechanics Junior Physics Lab I Distribution Course Open Elective	3 3 4 2 3 3	CHEM 302 CHEM 368 CHEM 491 PHYS 302 DIST OPEN	Physical Chemistry II Chem Measurement Lab Research for Undergradu Intermediate Electrodynar Distribution Course Open Elective	
SENIOR	17 crec	lits	SENIOR		17 credits
CHEM 415 CHEM 492 PHYS 425 DIST OPEN	Chem. Kinetics & Dynamics Undergrad. Honors Research Statistical & Thermal Physics Distribution Course Open Elective	3 5 3 3 3	CAAM 3XX CHEM 493 MATH 3XX OPEN OPEN	Adv CAAM Lecture Cours Undergrad. Honors Resea Adv MATH Lecture Cours Open Elective Open Elective	arch 5

Total = 135 credit hours

**Note**: While the above sample degree plan suggests 16 credit hours of independent research, the B.S. degree in Chemical Physics does not require any research credit. There is a lot of flexibility in the completion of advanced coursework. However, not all courses are taught every year – consult with your major advisor about your course plan.

# B.S. in Chemical Physics - Sample Degree Plan with Calculus AB and Chemistry AP credit

FALL		SPRING			
FRESHMAN	16 cred	lits	FRESHMAN	N 15 cred	dits
CHEM 211 CHEM 213 PHYS 101 FWIS DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry I Organic Chemistry Discussion Mechanics (with lab) First Year Writing Seminar Distribution Course Open Elective	3 0 4 3 3 3	CHEM 215 MATH 102 PHYS 102 DIST OPEN	Organic Chemistry Lab Single Variable Calculus II Electricity & Magnetism (with lab) Distribution Course Open Elective	2 3 4 3 3
SOPHOMOR	E 16 cred	lits	SOPHOMO	RE 16 cred	dits
MATH 211 PHYS 201 PHYS 231 DIST OPEN OPEN	Ordinary Differential Equations Waves and Optics Elementary Physics Lab Distribution Course Open Elective Open Elective	3 3 1 3 3 3	CHEM 360 CHEM 391 MATH 212 PHYS 202 DIST LPAP	Inorganic Chemistry Research for Undergraduates Multivariable Calculus Modern Physics Distribution Course Lifetime Phys. Activity Elective	3 3 3 3 3 1
JUNIOR	15 cred	lits	JUNIOR	15 cred	dits
CHEM 301 CHEM 491 PHYS 301 PHYS 331 DIST	Physical Chemistry I Research for Undergraduates Intermediate Mechanics Junior Physics Lab I Distribution Course	3 3 4 2 3	CHEM 302 CHEM 491 PHYS 302 PHYS 332 DIST	Physical Chemistry II Research for Undergraduates Intermediate Electrodynamics Junior Physics Lab II Distribution Course	3 3 4 2 3
SENIOR	17 crec	lits	SENIOR	17 cred	dits
CHEM 415 CHEM 492 MATH 3XX OPEN OPEN	Chem. Kinetics & Dynamics Undergrad. Honors Research Adv MATH Lecture Course Open Elective Open Elective	3 5 3 3 3	CAAM 3XX CHEM 493 CHEM 420 OPEN OPEN	Adv CAAM Lecture Course Undergrad. Honors Research Classical & Stat Thermodynamics Open Elective Open Elective	3 5 3 3 3

Total = 127 credit hours

**Note:** The above sample degree plan assumes that Calculus AB and Chemistry AP credit were earned upon entering Rice, which would satisfy MATH 105 and CHEM 121/122/123/124, respectively. Also note that there is a lot of flexibility in the completion of advanced coursework. However, not all courses are taught every year – consult with your major advisor about your course plan.

### Policies

### **Transfer Credit Policy**

The Department of Chemistry grants transfer credit for chemistry courses taken during the summer or during study abroad programs according to the rules and procedures established in the Rice University <u>General</u> <u>Announcements</u> and as administered by the <u>Office of the Registrar</u>.

In order to satisfy the Department's ruling on transfer credit, the course must typically be taken at a four-year college or university that offers a degree in chemistry certified by the American Chemical Society (information regarding certified programs is available on the ACS website). The course should be one that counts toward the chemistry degree at that school. Prior to registration, students should obtain pre-approval using the Undergraduate Request for Transfer Credit which is available from the Office of the Registrar.

Transfer credit for courses at the 300 level or above are generally not permitted. Exceptions may be granted to students transferring to Rice from another institution or coursework carried out during an approved year abroad.

Courses for transfer credit after matriculation for General Chemistry (CHEM 121 and/or CHEM 122) and the laboratory (CHEM 123 and/or CHEM 124) must contain a laboratory component or must involve co-enrollment in associated lecture and laboratory courses. Any student who has taken CHEM 121 and/or CHEM 122 at an alternate institution with a laboratory must receive instructor approval to take the lab credit on the Rice campus.

NOTE: We are not accepting transfer credit for laboratories that are conducted remotely or virtually regardless of where the course is taken.

Students should follow these steps to obtain transfer credit approval:

- 1. Complete an Undergraduate Request for Transfer Credit form, found on the Office of the Registrar's <u>website</u>.
- 2. Write a cover letter describing why you wish to obtain transfer credit. Describe the start and end dates, as well as the meeting times of the course during the term. This letter should include your contact information (campus or local address, phone number, email address).
- 3. Obtain course syllabus and copies of materials from the college or university showing the course number, course description and enough information to indicate that the course to be taken is the equivalent that chemistry majors take at Rice.
- 4. Deliver all materials to Anita Walker, Undergraduate & Classroom Coordinator, located in Dell Butcher Hall 243. Questions concerning transfer credit should be directed to Ms. Walker at 713-348-4027 or aawalker@rice.edu.

### **Course Load Policy**

Students at Rice normally enroll in 15 to 17 credit hours each semester. For most students, this allows completion of graduation requirements in 8 semesters. In some instances, a student may feel the need to petition for a registration overload. Petitioning for a registration overload should be a last resort and only for students with truly extenuating circumstances that would necessitate a course overload. Guidelines can be found on the <u>Academic Advising website</u>. Students must secure permission in writing from the Office of the Academic Advising.

## **Undergraduate Research Opportunities**

To learn more about Chemistry-Related opportunities, please visit http://tinyurl.com/ricechemistry.

Undergraduate students have a unique opportunity to perform research in one of our many interdisciplinary research labs. Most chemistry research students are chemistry majors. Chemistry majors seeking a B.S. degree are required to take at least eight credit hours of research through CHEM 391, 491, 492, and 493.

Although most Chemistry majors work with Rice Chemistry professors, we also encourage and support students doing research in other Rice science departments or in the Texas Medical Center (TMC). To earn credit for your research, students must have their research proposal approved by the CHEM 391/491 Course Instructor. To be approved for credit in the chemistry department, the research should have something to do with chemistry (defined broadly) and should be set up to provide a positive research experience.

Students should expect to spend at least 3 hours per week (or at least 42 hours over the course of the semester) for each credit hour. In the first semester of independent research, students should enroll in CHEM 391 for at least 3 credit hours before the end of their junior year. Prior to enrollment, students must secure a position in a laboratory. In subsequent semesters, students should enroll in CHEM 491 for independent research (or CHEM 492/493 for honors thesis research) and may choose the appropriate number of credit hours with approval from their Research Advisor.

CHEM 491 is repeatable for credit and students wishing to pursue graduate school or other careers in research and applied science are encouraged to gain as much research experience as possible. Students are not limited to one lab, and may choose another lab in subsequent semesters. However, a major advantage of continuing in one lab may include obtaining results to co-author a publication.

### Undergraduate Honors Research, CHEM 492 (Fall) and CHEM 493 (Spring)

The Chemistry Honors Research Program, CHEM 492/493, offers students in their final year at Rice the opportunity to perform a two-semester, individual chemistry research project. These courses function as a pair and must be taken in the same academic year. Course requirements include (but are not limited to) completing a research proposal, a public presentation of findings, and a formal research report or thesis in the Spring term. Students must formally apply into CHEM 492/493 with the recommendation of their Research Advisor. If you are conducting research for a thesis outside the Chemistry Department, you must have an on-campus Chemistry Department secondary advisor. Applications must be submitted to the course instructor (either Dr. Gilbertson or Dr. Yearty) between February 1 - August 1 (early application submission is highly encouraged). Students who complete the Chemistry Honors Research Program are given primary consideration for "Distinction in Research and Creative Work," a university award for select undergraduates, chosen by the Department and granted at commencement, which appears on the transcript and diploma.

### How do I register for Undergraduate Research?

First, start planning far in advance. Before enrolling in CHEM 391/491/492/493, you must be accepted into a laboratory (see How Do I Find a Research Opportunity? for more information.) The deadline for course enrollment is several weeks before the start of the semester or at the end of the prior semester. Some labs may have extensive trainings that must be completed before beginning work. Labs at the Texas Medical Center often have access control regulations that require filling paperwork months in advance of starting in the lab.

Once you have secured a research position, you must fill out the online application found on the Chemistry Department website. The online application must be submitted by August 1st for the Fall term, December 1st for the Spring term, or April 1st for the Summer term to ensure enrollment in CHEM 391/491/492/493. Once you have submitted the online application, the Course Instructor (either Dr. Gilbertson or Dr. Yearty) will verify your position and proposed research project with the Research Advisor before submitting a registration override via Esther. No paper special registration form is required, and only the Course Instructor (not Research Advisors) is authorized to enroll students. If you have any questions about enrollment, please contact the Course Instructor.

# How do I find a Research Opportunity?

To learn more about Chemistry-Related opportunities, please visit http://tinyurl.com/ricechemistry.

### Where do I start?

There are many options for undergraduate research, but do not be overwhelmed by them! The key thing is to find for a lab with research that is interesting to you. The CHEM 391/491 Course Instructors are happy to meet with you to help identify several potential leads. You can also use your connections with other students, TAs, or recent course instructors to help you widen your search.

Positions are generally not advertised, so the best approach is simply to contact any faculty member whose research interests you. To find out which faculty members are working in areas that you find intriguing, please refer to Appendix A, the Chemistry Department website, or the <u>Chemistry Undergraduates Research</u> page on Canvas. Once you've identified several faculty members of interest, you can contact them individually using the recommendations below.

#### How do I contact professors with whom I might want to work?

Read about each lab's research and try to talk with current group members to get a feel for the personality and expectations of the faculty member. Remember that while you are trying to showcase that you will be a good fit for a specific research group, you should also find the right research group for you.

Be sure to write a personal email to the faculty member. Do not send a mass email to multiple faculty members or your email is likely to be considered spam and ignored. Your introductory email conveys an important first impression and can influence how easy it will be for you to find a lab home. In your email, tell the professor who you are (name, year at Rice), why you are looking for a position in a research lab, and why you are interested in his or her lab in particular. Describe any relevant course work or prior research experience, even if it was in high school. You also may want to include whether you are looking for a short (1 semester) or longer experience, and how many hours per week you can commit to lab work. If you are considering graduate school after Rice, include this interest in the letter. As research professors receive a high volume of emails, remember to keep your message concise.

Note: All heads of research labs have either a PhD or an MD degree and should be addressed as "Prof." or "Dr." or and not "Ms., Mrs., or Mr."

### How many labs should I contact?

Getting into a lab is partly timing and luck, so do not be discouraged if your first efforts are not successful. You should expect to contact multiple faculty members (at least 5) to find a position. If you know someone in a lab where you may wish to work, ask that person to put in a good word for you. If you are not successful after several attempts, you may wish to ask the CHEM 391 Course Instructor for feedback on your initial email or to help make an introduction. Additional information about research opportunities and assistance in finding a research advisor can be found by contacting the CHEM 391/491 Course Instructor.

#### Are there prerequisite courses I must take before joining a research lab?

There are no specific courses required before you join a research lab; however, some principal investigators (PIs) may have their own preferences. Many students joining a lab have some background general chemistry, inorganic chemistry (can be through general chemistry coursework), and/or organic chemistry. Your experience in some non-chemistry courses (such as physics, biology, or computer science) may help prepare you for research at the interfaces of those fields with chemistry. Importantly, research is very much "on the job" training, so do not feel that you need specific courses to be a suitable candidate.

### Can I conduct research at the Texas Medical Center?

Many students, particularly those headed to medical school, are interested in research at the Texas Medical Center. Chemistry majors may join a lab at the Medical center. While students can find this a rewarding experience in medical research, there are several factors to consider when making a decision about off-campus research:

- 1) Lengthy security paperwork and safety training courses are required,
- 2) Travel time to and from campus may limit time for experimentation,
- 3) Some off-campus labs may not be teaching focused or used to working with undergraduates, so additional levels of communication may be required to ensure a smooth transition.

A hybrid approach that has been successful in the past is to join a Rice lab that works closely with TMC faculty. Please see the CHEM 391/491 Course Instructor if you would like leads in these directions.

### Are there paid research opportunities?

Most undergraduate research during the school year is done for credit. In many labs, paid positions during the school year are limited to lab maintenance or very routine work, and actual research will only be available for students working for credit during the academic year. However, many labs offer some paid positions over the summer. Some professors do try to set up paid research positions during the school year for students who are eligible for work-study.

Also, there are a number of competitive summer research fellowship opportunities within the Chemistry department, such as the Dr. Paul S. Engel Fellowship, the George Holmes Richter Memorial Fellowship and the Zevi & Bertha Salsburg Memorial Fellowship in Chemistry. See the Awards & Fellowships section for more information.

# Awards & Fellowships

Undergraduate students have several opportunities to receive awards and summer research fellowships from the Department of Chemistry. Below is some background information on each award. Deadlines for summer fellowships are typically in February or March. Specific due dates will be sent out to the Chemistry Undergraduate listserv near the end of the fall semester. Note: students can join the listserv by emailing <u>chemhelp@rice.edu</u>



**Paul S. Engel Fellowship** Awarded to a promising chemistry undergraduate in partial support of a chemistry summer research internship



Arthur L. Draper Award Awarded in recognition of exceptional undergraduate performance in chemistry coursework



George Holmes Richter Memorial Fellowship Awarded to a promising chemistry undergraduate in partial support of a chemistry summer research internship



Zevi & Bertha Salsburg Memorial Fellowship in Chemistry Awarded to a promising chemistry undergraduate in partial support of a chemistry summer research internship



**Ed. Billups Fellowship** Awarded to a promising chemistry undergraduate in partial support of a chemistry summer research internship



ACS Travel Award Awarded to a chemistry undergraduate to support attendance at the ACS National Meeting in the fall or spring semester

# University Awards

**The Distinction in Research and Creative Work** is a University award for select undergraduates, granted at Commencement, which appears on the transcript and diploma. More specifically, in the Chemistry Department, this award recognizes Rice B.S. chemists whose research discoveries will form a substantial component of an important publication. The submission and review processes are often not fast enough for researchers to see their work in print before graduation. Therefore, a formal pre-publication description of the research (e.g., a submission-ready manuscript or a CHEM 492/3 Honors Thesis or the equivalent) with a detailed accounting of the nominee's contribution and those of other authors is sufficient. Applicants must also be in good academic standing and have a cumulative GPA of at least 3.30 in courses completed at Rice.

# Required Application Materials:

- 1. Declaration of intention to apply for this distinction.
- 2. Documentation of research achievement in the form of published papers, theses, pre-publication manuscripts, electronic files of presentations (PowerPoint or poster) given off-campus.
- 3. A supporting letter from the research advisor which should detail the student's research accomplishments and intellectual contributions.

Deadline for Final Submission of Materials: Last day of classes of the semester before graduation

Please send all application materials to Nancy Adler: <a href="mailto:nbn2@rice.edu">nbn2@rice.edu</a>

# Appendix A: Chemistry Research Faculty and their Research Interests

Our Department's faculty have a wide variety of research interests and hold joint appointments with Biosciences<sup>1</sup>, Bioengineering<sup>2</sup>, Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering<sup>3</sup>, Computer Science<sup>4</sup>, Earth Science<sup>5</sup>, Electrical & Computer Engineering<sup>6</sup>, Material Science & NanoEngineering<sup>7</sup>, Physics & Astronomy<sup>8</sup>, and Civil & Environmental Engineering<sup>9</sup>

#### **CORE Faculty:**

**Zachary Ball**, PhD (Stanford, 2004). Chemical biology. Protein chemistry. Organic synthesis, bioinorganic, and medicinal chemistry. <u>zb1@rice.edu</u>

**Paul Engel**, PhD (Harvard, 1968). Free radical initiators, inhibitors of polymerization, free radical of single walled carbon nanotubes with organic free radicals. engel@rice.edu

**Anna-Karin Gustavsson**, PhD (University of Gothenburg, 2015). Spectroscopy and Imaging. Development and application of 3D single-molecule tracking and super-resolution imaging throughout mammalian cells. <u>anna-karin.gustavsson@rice.edu</u>

**Jeffrey Hartgerink**<sup>2</sup>, PhD (Scripps, 1999). Selfassembly of nanostructured materials with a focus on molecular structures of proteins and peptide based biomaterials for tissue regeneration, drug delivery and other biomedical applications. jdh@rice.edu

John Hutchinson, PhD (UT Austin, 1980). Chemical education. jshutch@rice.edu

**Matthew Jones**, PhD (Northwestern, 2014). Nanoparticle synthesis, surface chemistry, supramolecular chemistry, soft matter assembly, and liquid-phase electron microscopy. <u>mrj@rice.edu</u>

**Anatoly Kolomeisky**<sup>3</sup>, PhD (Cornell, 1998). Theoretical physical chemistry, biophysics and statistical mechanics. Modeling of biological transport systems and protein-DNA interactions, and investigation of nanocars and other artificial nanoscale devices. <u>tolya@rice.edu</u>

László Kürti, PhD (Penn, 2006). Synthetic Organic Chemistry. Specializes in the development of new catalytic asymmetric transformations, modes of chirality transfer, methods for the synthesis of bioactive N- and O-heterocycles as well as novel aminating agents & transition metal-free amination reactions. kurti.laszlo@rice.edu

**Christy Landes**<sup>6</sup>, PhD (Georgia Tech, 2003). Experimental physical, biophysical, and nanomaterials physical chemistry; single molecule spectroscopy. Dynamic complexity and its role in biological and synthetic polymer functions. <u>cflandes@rice.edu</u>

**Stephan Link**<sup>6</sup>, PhD (Georgia Tech, 2000). Physical chemistry of nanomaterials, nanophotonics and

plasmonics, spectroscopy of individual & coupled nanoparticles with applications in opto-electronics, energy, and medicine. <u>stephan.link@rice.edu</u>

**Angel Marti**<sup>2,7</sup>, PhD (U Puerto Rico, 2004). Development of molecules to diagnose and treat disorders that involve protein aggregates, e.g. Alzheimer's; development of supramolecular materials based on nanoscale building blocks. <u>amarti@rice.edu</u>

**Seiichi Matsuda**<sup>1</sup>, PhD (Harvard, 1994). Bioorganic and organic chemistry, terpenoid biosynthesis, enzyme evolution, redesign of enzymes to have new activities, and genomic approaches to find biologically active molecules. <u>matsuda@rice.edu</u>

**K.C. Nicolaou**, PhD (U London, 1972). Specializes in organic chemistry with a focus on the synthesis of natural and designed molecules of biological and medical importance to cancer research. <u>kcn@rice.edu</u>

Hans Renata, PhD (Scripps Research, 2013). Organic chemistry with emphasis on biocatalysis and chemoenzymatic synthesis of natural molecules and analogs thereof for medicinal chemistry investigation. <u>hrenata@rice.edu</u>

**Peter Rossky**<sup>3</sup>, PhD (Harvard, 1978). The elucidation of the fundamental molecular-level origins of chemical behavior in condensed phases and clusters. peter.rossky@rice.edu

**Raúl Hernández Sánchez**, Ph.D. (Harvard 2015) Synthetic organic/inorganic chemistry towards the development of supramolecular scaffolds for water purification, conjugated molecular nanotubes, and small molecule activation at polynuclear metal catalysts. <u>rh68@rice.edu</u>

**Gustavo Scuseria**<sup>7,8</sup>, PhD (U Buenos Aires, 1983). Development of theoretical and computational quantum chemistry techniques (many in the Gaussian program). Application of quantum mechanics to predict the structure and properties of molecules. <u>guscus@rice.edu</u>

**James Tour**<sup>4,7</sup>, PhD (Purdue, 1986). Organic chemistry, materials science, polymer chemistry, nanoscience, and nanotechnology. <u>tour@rice.edu</u>

**R. Bruce Weisman**<sup>7</sup>, PhD (U Chicago, 1977). Basic studies of carbon nanotube spectroscopy and photophysics and related analytical, mechanical

engineering and biomedical applications. weisman@rice.edu

Julian G. West, PhD (Princeton University, 2017). New synthetic reactions, catalysis design and cancer research. jgwest@rice.edu

Kenton Whitmire, PhD (Northwestern, 1982). Inorganic and organometallic chemistry, precursor design for advanced nanomaterials, structural and mechanistic chemistry, catalysis, bioactivity of heavy main group elements. whitmir@rice.edu

**Peter Wolynes**<sup>7,8</sup>, PhD (Harvard, 1976). Theoretical chemical physics, theory of glasses, protein dynamics and folding. Stochastic cell biology. <u>pwolynes@rice.edu</u>

Han Xiao<sup>1</sup>, PhD (Scripps Research Institute, 2015). Synthetic chemistry, chemical biology, molecular biology, cancer biology, and immunology. <u>han.xiao@rice.edu</u>

**Samantha Yruegas**, Ph.D. (Baylor, 2019) Biocompatible and sustainable main group-based catalyst and method development for the synthesis of innovative pharmaceuticals, optoelectronic devices, and polymers. <u>Samantha.yruegas@rice.edu</u>

**Eugene Zubarev**<sup>7</sup>, PhD (Russian Acad. of Sciences, 1998). Organic chemistry and polymer chemistry, synthesis and characterization of self-assembling molecules. <u>zubarev@rice.edu</u>

#### **Joint Appointees:**

**Pulickel Ajayan**<sup>3,7</sup>, PhD (Northwestern, 1989). Multifunctional nanostructures and hybrid platforms for energy storage, composites, sensors, electronics, and biomedicine. <u>ajayan@rice.edu</u>

**Pedro Alvarez**<sup>7,9</sup>, PhD (U of Michigan, 1992). Bioremediation of contaminated aquifers, fate and transport of toxic chemicals, and environmental implication and application of nanotechnology. <u>alvarez@rice.edu</u>

**Gang Bao**<sup>2</sup>, PhD (Lehigh, 1987). Nanotechnologies and biomolecular engineering approaches for basic biological studies and medicine. <u>gang.bao@rice.edu</u>

**Enrique Barrera**<sup>7</sup>, PhD (UT Austin, 1987). Formation of hybrid nanotube materials and the development of fully integrated nanotube composites. <u>ebarrera@rice.edu</u>

**Michael Diehl**<sup>2</sup>, PhD (UCLA, 2002). Biomotor cooperativity, biomaterials, supramolecular biophysics and molecular bioengineering. <u>diehl@rice.edu</u>

**Jason Hafner**<sup>8</sup>, PhD (Rice, 1998). Application of nanometer-scale tools and materials to problems of biological and biomedical interest. <u>hafner@rice.edu</u>

**Naomi Halas**<sup>2,6,7,8</sup>, PhD (Bryn Mawr, 1987). Nanofabrication chemistry and nano-optics. <u>halas@rice.edu</u>

**Jun Lou**<sup>7</sup>, PhD (Princeton U, 2004). Nanomaterial synthesis, nanomechanical characterization and nanodevice fabrication for energy, environment and biomedical applications. <u>ilou@rice.edu</u>

**Frederick MacKintosh**<sup>3</sup>, PhD (Princeton, 1989). Fundamental properties of biological and soft matter networks. <u>fcmack@rice.edu</u>

**Carrie Masiello**<sup>5</sup>, PhD (U of California, Irvine, 1999). Fundamental mechanisms of the carbon cycle, carbon sequestration, climate change, black carbon, terrestrialriver-ocean biosphere interactions. <u>masiello@rice.edu</u>

Antonios Mikos<sup>3,7</sup>, PhD (Purdue U, 1988). Synthetic biodegradable polymers as supportive scaffolds for cells, as conduits for guided tissue growth, as specific substrates for targeted cell adhesion, or as stimulants for a desired cellular response. <u>mikos@rice.edu</u>

**Emilia Morosan**<sup>7,8</sup>, PhD (Iowa State, 2005). Design and synthesis of novel magnetic and superconducting materials. <u>emorosan@rice.edu</u>

**Jose Onuchic**<sup>1,8</sup>, PhD (Harvard, 1976). Theoretical and computational methods for molecular biophysics and chemical reactions in condensed matter; protein folding funnels as a mechanism for the folding of proteins. jose.onuchic@rice.edu

**Matteo Pasquali**<sup>3,7</sup>, PhD (Minnesota, 1999). Interaction of flow and liquid micro- and nanostructure in complex fluids, with application to the manufacturing of engineered materials. <u>mp@rice.edu</u>

**George Phillips**<sup>1</sup>, PhD (Rice, 1976). Three-dimensional structure and dynamics of proteins to their biological functions, computational biology. <u>georgep@rice.edu</u>

**Ned Thomas**<sup>3,7</sup>, PhD (Cornell, 1974). Polymer physics and engineering, photonics and phononics and mechanical and optical properties of block copolymers, liquid crystalline polymers, and hybrid organic-inorganic nanocomposites. <u>elt@rice.edu</u>

**Michael Wong**<sup>3,7</sup>, PhD (MIT, 2000). Chemical engineering, chemistry, and materials science, functional nanoparticle-based materials. <u>mswong@rice.edu</u>

**Boris Yakobson**<sup>7</sup>, PhD (Russian Acad. of Sciences, 1982). Theory and modeling of materials derived from

macroscopic and fundamental molecular interactions. <u>biy@rice.edu</u>

#### **TEACHING Faculty:**

Michelle Gilbertson, PhD (Northwestern University, 1994). mlg7@rice.edu

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